Leucas aspera a perfect poor man remedy

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Abstract
Leucas Aspera (Kaurkansoli, Tag and Chota Halkusa) is a herb, which is having so many properties and uses. It can be used as an insecticidal, anti inflammatory, antipyretic, antiseptic for skin rashes and even as anti-snake venom. So it is a perfect poor man remedy.

Keywords: Analgesic, Anti-Inflammatory, Anti-Snake venom, Insecticidal, Phlomis Aspera wild.

Introduction
Leucas Aspera is a plant which is seen on waste land and roadsides of India. It belongs to family- Labiatae and its scientific name is Phlomis Aspera wild. It is also known as Karukansoli (Tag). These are available as herbs or understrubs. It is having stem, branches, leaves and flowers. The stems are quadrangular grooved, wooly, villon pubescent or hirsute. The leaves are opposite, elliptic-lanceolate to broadly ovate, entire to serrate, acute to acuminate. Inflorescence of dense axillary less often terminal, usually distant whorls. Calyx 10-nerved, often striate, mouth equal or oblique teeth 6-10 unusually unequal, pubescent to hirsute. Corolla with upper lip erect, concave, villous externally, lower lip 3 fid, spreading, mid-lobe, larger. Stamens 4, didynamous, ascending under upper lip, anthers connivent, cells divaricated, ultimate confluent. Disc entire or lobed uniform or sometimes enlarged anteriorly, style shortly 2-lobed. Nutlets ovoid, triquetrous, obtuse to truncate-rounded at apex (Khanam & Hassan 2005) [1].

Leucas Aspera is an erect or diffuse, annual herb. It is about 50 cm tall, hirsute or scabid. The leaves with 0.5-1.0 cm long petioles, lamina 4-8 X 1-1.5 cm, oblong lanceolate often entire or slightly serrate, acute to obtuse. Inflorescence with terminal and axillary whorls. Bract 1 cm long almost calyx 1.2 cm long, tubular, constricted above the nutlets, usually smooth and glabrous below ribbed and hirsute above, teeth triangular, spinulose ciliated, the upper one longest. Nutlets 0.2 X 0.1 cm, obovoil oblong, angular on inner surface, outer surface, rounded on outer, smooth, brownish black. (Federov 1969; Sadhu 2003) [2, 3]

Chemical Discussion
The juice of the leaves is used in psoriasis, chronic skin eruption, in chronic rheumatism and applied to disperse painful swellings (Kirtikar Basu 1918, Chopra et al 1996) [4, 5]. The flowers are being warmed with a little honey and given orally for cough and cold to children (Caius 1998) [6].

Ecology
Usually this plant grows on sandy soil all over Indian subcontinent extending from Punjab to Assam and south India, and also from Malya upto China.

Properties of Leucas Aspera
Entire plant is used as an insecticidal and in traditional medicine. The plant has been scientifically investigated for anti inflammatory, analgesic and used for wound healing. It is also used in Cobra venom poisoning. It is having the insecticidal property due to the presence of Nicotine. Large numbers of plant products are having the Mosquito larvicidal properties (Ansari et al 2000; Green et al 1991; Mittal et al 1995; Macedo et al 1997; Parich et al 1994; Zebitz 1984) [7-12]. The compounds extracted from the plant include launch in elephatic compound, triterpenes sterols-sitosterol, stigmasterol, campesterol and a novel phenolic compound. It is pungently aromatic and commonly used as an antipyretic in south India in crude compound.
Clinical importance of Leucas Aspera
1. The juice from its leaves is used as an external application for painful swellings (Kirtikar and Basu 1918; Chopra et al 1996) [4,5]
2. The flowers are given with honey to treat with coughs and cold in children (Caius 1998) [6]
3. The leaves are applied to the bits to serpents, poisonous insects and scorpion sting.
4. The extract of plant is used with honey in case of abdominal pain and also in digestion.
5. The leaves are used as an insecticide and mosquito repellent in rural areas (Kirtikar and Basu 1990; Sadhu 2003) [13,3]
6. The juice of leaf is used as local application for psoriasis and chronic skin eruptions.
7. It can be used as insecticidal also by sprains extract of the plant on other plants by mixing with water.
8. It is also used in Gynaecological and obstetrical problem like hastening menstruation.

Conclusion
Leucas Aspera is a wild herb or shrub which is having medicinal value to a great extent and is available abundantly in field of India, Bangladesh and also adjoining areas in India. It is easily available at a very low cost. It can be used in crude form as well as in extract form and also in the refined form as a medicine.

References
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